UUCMS No $\square$

## B.M.S COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, AUTONOMOUS <br> BENGALURU - 560004 <br> SEMESTER END EXAMINATION - MARCH/APRIL- 2023

B.Com. - III Semester<br>COST ACCOUNTING<br>(NEP Scheme 2021-22 onwards)

## Course Code: COM3DSC09

QP Code: 3023
Duration: $2 ½$ Hours

## SECTION-A

1. Answer any FIVE of the following questions. Each question carries TWO Marks.
a. Define Cost Accounting.
b. What do you mean by a Cost Sheet?
c. Who is a Store Keeper?
d. Give the meaning of Over Time.
e. Give the meaning of Overheads.
f. What you mean by Labour Turnover?
g. What is a Bin card?

## SECTION- B

Answer any FOUR of the following question. Each question carries FIVE Marks.
(4X5=20)
2. Explain any 5 Objectives of Cost Accounting.
3. In a manufacturing company, a material is used as follows:

Re-Order Quantity = 3600 units
Maximum Consumption = 900 units per week
Minimum Consumption $=300$ units per week
Normal Consumption $=600$ Units per week
Re-Order period 3 to 5 weeks
Calculate a.) Re-Order Level b) Minimum Stock Level c) Maximum Stock Level.
4. The following transactions took place in respect of a material item:

| Date | Receipt Quantity | Rate | Issue Quantity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 2 | 200 units | Rs.2.00 | - |
| $" 10$ | 300 units | Rs.2.40 | - |
| $" 15$ | - | - | 250 units |
| $" 18$ | 250 units | Rs.2.60 |  |
| $" 20$ | - | - | 200 units |

Prepare a Stores Ledger Sheet, pricing the issues at Weighted Average Rate.
5. Calculate the earnings of worker Arun under Straight Piece Rate System and Taylor's Differential Piece-Rate System from the following particulars:
Normal rate per hour $=$ Rs.1.80
Standard Time per unit $=20$ seconds
Differentials to be applied: $80 \%$ of piece rate below standard $120 \%$ of piece rate at or above standard.
Worker Arun produces 1,300 units in a 8 hour work day.
6. From the following data relating to Machine, calculate Machine Hour Rate.

Purchase cost of the Machine Rs.2,00,000
Scrap value after 10 years of life Rs.20,000
Yearly working hours 2,000
Charge $50 \%$ of depreciation as Repairs.
Power Cost 5 units of power per hour @ Rs. 5 per Unit
Oil Expenses @ Rs. 20 per day of 8 hours
Consumables stores @Rs. 100 Per day of 8 hours.

## SECTION- C

Answer any TWO of the following question. Each question carries TWELVE Marks.
(2X12=24)
7. From the following data prepare a cost and profit statement of Famous Stoves Manufacturing Company for the year ending 2020:
Stock of materials on 1-1-2020 Rs.35,000
Stock of materials on 31-12-2020
Rs. 4,900
Purchase of materials
Rs.52,500
Direct Wages
Rs.95,000
Factory Expenses
Establishment expenses
Rs.17,500

Completed Stock in hand on 1-1-2020 NIL
Completed Stock in hand on 31-12-2020 Rs. 35000
Sales
Rs.1,89,000
The number of stoves manufactured during the year 2020 were 4,000 . The Company wants to Quote for a contract for the supply of 1,000 Electric Stoves during the year 2021. The Stoves to be quoted are of uniform quality and similar to those manufactured in the previous year: but cost of materials has increased by $15 \%$ and cost of factory labour by $10 \%$,

Prepare a Statement showing the price to be quoted to give the same percentage of Net Profit on turnover as was realized during the Year 2020, assuming that the cost per unit of Overheads will be the same as in the previous year.
8. The following Purchases have been extracted in respect of material 'ExE'. Prepare Stores Ledger Account under LIFO Method of Pricing of Material Issues.

## Receipts:

3/10/2022 Purchased 500 units @ Rs. 4 per unit
4/10/2022 Purchased 100 units @ Rs. 4.20 per unit
10/10/2022 Purchased 50 units @ Rs. 4.25 per unit
13/10/2022 Purchased 800 units at Rs. 4.30 per unit
23/10/2022 Purchased 850 units at Rs.3.80 per unit

## Issues:

5/10/2022 Issued 400 units
10/10/2022 Issued 50 units
15/10/2022 Issued 900 units
25/10/2022 Issued 450 units.
9. Zenith Co. Ltd has two production and two service departments. The following data relate to the year ending 31.3.2022.

| Particulars | Total | Production <br> Dept. X | Production <br> Dept. Y | Service <br> Dept. P | Service <br> Dept. Q |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Direct Wages | 28,000 | 10,000 | 8,000 | 6,000 | 4,000 |
| Indirect Wages | 14,650 | 4,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 5,650 |
| Indirect Materials | 5,000 | 1,800 | 700 | 1,000 | 1,500 |
| Sundry Supplies | 1,750 | 400 | 1,000 | 150 | 200 |
| Supervisor's Salary | 4,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 | - | - |
| General Expenses | 10,000 | - | - | 6,000 | 4,000 |

Overheads to be apportioned:
Power 8,000
Rent 12,000
Heating and Lighting 6,000
Insurance (general) 1,000
Taxes 2000
Depreciation 60,000

The further details were as follows:

|  | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Floor Space (Sq,Ft) | 2,000 | 800 | 400 | 1,600 |
| Radiator Section | 45 | 90 | 30 | 60 |
| No. of Employees | 20 | 10 | 3 | 5 |


| Investment (Rs.) | $6,40,000$ | $2,00,000$ | 10,000 | $1,50,000$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP of Machine | 3,500 | 500 | - | 1,000 |

Expenses of service department P is apportioned based on no. of employees and that of service Department Q in the ratio of 5:2:3 to $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and P departments.

## SECTION- D

Answer any ONE of the following questions, carries SIX Marks.
10. Name any Six documents used for material accounting.
11. Mention the causes of labour turn over in manufacturing organization.


